## **April 2022**

## A Random Review of a Week of Dockets of the 16 Misdemeanor Criminal County Courts of Harris County

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	Data Provided to the Texas Office of Court Administration
	by Harris County

#### **Executive Summary**

The purpose of this report is to attempt to examine the conflicting claims made by reports issued by the monitor for the ODonnell decree regarding misdemeanor bail practices, versus the report from the Harris County District Attorney, regarding the settlement and reforms enacted regarding misdemeanor cases in Harris County and its subsequent impact on crime and public safety.

The assertions set out in the two documents could not be more contradictory. In its report, the monitor reports every six months claims that misdemeanor criminal justice reforms are working. It states that recidivism is staying essentially the same and that crime is not increasing as a result of these changes. By implication, it concludes that the increase in crime must be due to other considerations. In contrast, Harris County District Attorney Kim Ogg's, report states that misdemeanor reforms are causing crime to increase and that recidivism rates are rising.

In this document, we hope to provide additional insights as to the status of the Harris County misdemeanor courts in order to allow the public to reach their own conclusions regarding whether the ODonnell settlement is, in fact, the cause of increasing crime.

At random, we have selected a week to review every docket of the sixteen misdemeanor courts in Harris County based upon publicly available data from the Harris County District Clerk's website. Next, the cases were grouped to determine appearance rates and to see how the courts are managing dockets and test the veracity of statements made in both reports.

The information for this report came entirely from the websites of the Harris County District Clerk, and the Texas Office of Court Administration, which receives periodic reports from Harris County's courts. The conclusions provided in this report were not what was anticipated and were in some ways quite surprising. It is intended that this additional transparency will provide valuable information to citizens as they prepare to vote this coming November.

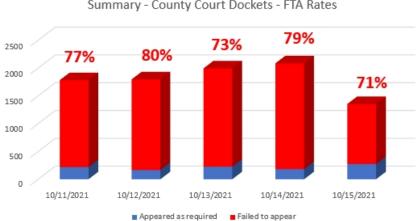
The week of October 11-15, 2021 was selected on a random basis. The information that was compiled is publicly available on the Harris County District Clerk's website. The website address is https://www.hcdistrictclerk.com/Edocs/Public/search.aspx. A summary of the for each court and for all of the 16 courts is attached as Appendix A. Additionally, this report has compiled a 10-year summary of the misdemeanor reports sent to the Texas Office of Court Administration by Harris County and is attached as appendix B.

Based upon the information and data compiled, this report has come to the following conclusions:

#### **Conclusion No. 1:**

According to information available on the Harris County District Clerk's website, the 16 Harris County Criminal Courts at Law set approximately 9,000 cases on their dockets during the week of October 11-15, 2021. The district clerk's website is able to display the cases set for docket for each court by date. For the purposes of this review each case on the docket was placed into one of several categories, which included whether or not appearance was waived. If the docket stated that the defendant's attendance was not waived, several subcategories were presented. According to this information, the county criminal courts waived a defendants' attendance in a little over 50 percent of the cases set for docket.

Of the remaining cases where attendance was not waived, 76.09% of this group failed to appear for court.



Summary - County Court Dockets - FTA Rates

It is important to note that some courts have higher failure to appear rate, while others are lower. Accordingly, the combined numbers represent the calculated average.

As an example, Court No. 9 had several days where the failure to appear rate for defendants whose appearance was not waived was 100 percent. This means that none of the individuals required to appear actually did so. Therefore, Court No. 9's overall failure to appear rate was 92.35 percent for the week and its overall appearance rate for the week of dockets was 12.66 percent.

Court No. 13 also had days where 100 percent of defendants required to appear failed to show up for court, despite it being required of them. As a result the appearance rate for the week for Court No. 13 was 11.07 percent, while its failure to appear rate was 92.52 percent. Additionally, Court No. 6 had a failure to appear rate of 98 percent.

The majority of misdemeanor courts do not issue bond forfeitures. Therefore, most county

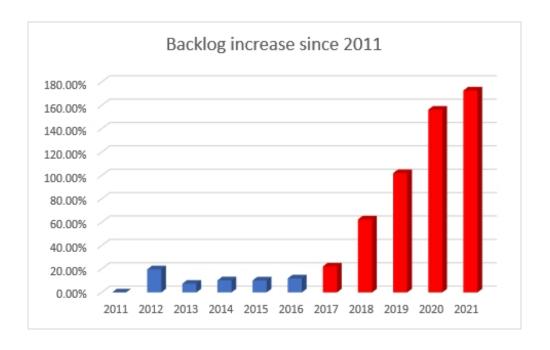
criminal courts do not do anything to hold defendants accountable when they fail to appear. This fact is striking and inconsistent with the conclusions of the monitor's report. At the very least, the monitor is not reporting the reality that so few defendants are appearing for court and that courts are not issuing a judgment nisi for defendants when they failure to appear and their appearance has not been waived.

#### **Conclusion No. 2:**

The second conclusion that can be drawn from a review of the week's worth of dockets is how few defendants appear for court at all. **The overall average appearance rate for that one week period was 15.97 percent.** This means that out of every 100 cases set on docket, just under 16 defendants appeared in court. This shockingly low percentage begs the question: What did Harris County get for their money? The county has spent over \$100 million dollars so far to scrap the existing bail system and replace it with what exists today. It appears that their investment has yielded a system where no one appears for court and they are not held accountable for failing to appear.

#### **Conclusion No. 3:**

In reviewing ten years' worth of statistics for Harris County misdemeanor cases, it appears that the court's backlog has increased by 172.79 percent over that period of time. The number of cases piling-up have more than doubled since the ODonnell settlement.

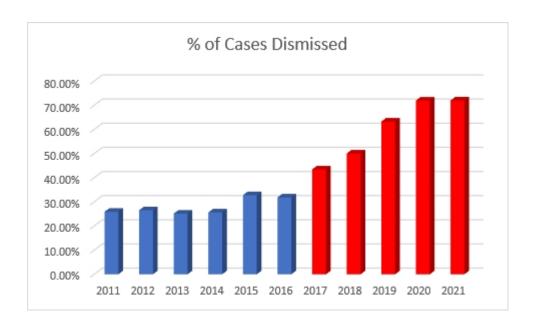


#### **Conclusion No. 4:**

Harris County provides reports to the Texas Office of Court Administration regarding the manner in which cases are resolved in any given year. Categories include convictions, deferred conviction, acquittals, dismissals, motions to revoke that were granted and motions to revoke that were denied or continued. Last year, according to the reported data, 71.99 percent of all misdemeanor cases disposed were dismissed. In 2020, the courts dismissed 71.98 percent of all such cases.

For reference, in 2011, the same courts dismissed only 25.90 percent of all misdemeanor cases disposed.

It is highly possible that Harris County is dismissing so many cases in an attempt to prevent the misdemeanor criminal justice system from collapse. However, any such information has not been made available to the public.



#### **Case Examples**

#### Example No. 1- Judge's jeopardizes public safety and the safety of victims.

Cause No. 237926001010; State v. Robert Raymond Kelly; In the Harris County Criminal Court at Law No. 8. This case was on the docket for October 15, 2021.

On September 11, 2021, Robert Raymond Kelly was arrested and charged with Assault-Family Member for striking with his closed fist, Jovanique Johnican, with

whom he had a dating relationship (Cause No. 237538501010). Three days later, the trial court granted a protective order in favor of Ms. Johnican, ordering Kelly to not threaten, harass or assault the victim.

Despite that, on October 11, 2021 (three weeks after the protective order was issued), Kelly was arrested again and charged with violating the protective order. In the criminal complaint, he was said to have intentionally and knowingly gone to the victim's home. Kelly's record included a 2018 felony conviction for possession of a controlled substance

The following day, the state filed a motion to deny bond to Kelly because the trial court was authorized to deny bail under the Texas Constitution. Instead, the trial court set his bond at \$5,000.00 and required a surety bond. Three days after that, the trial court lowered Kelly's bond to \$500.00, waived the surety requirement, and granted him a free PR bond, whereupon he was released.

On December 6, 2021, the trial court entered bond conditions ordering Kelly to not commit any further crimes or engage in conduct that would result in his arrest. He was also ordered not to threaten, harass or assault the victim, Ms. Johnican, who was still under a protective order -- and for which this case alleged these very actions against her.

On March 31, 2022, the district attorneys' office filed a motion to revoke the Kelly's PR bond because of violations of the conditions. The defendant had been arrested for three new charges for Burglary of a Habitation (1764071), Retaliation (1764072), and Violation of a Protective Order (1764073). The complaining witness in the first and third charges was the victim in this case, Ms. Johnican.

The trial court kept the bond at the same \$500.00 free PR bond and maintained the same supervision. The only reason that the defendant was not released was because of the additional charges that were felony charges.

#### Analysis

When this case was first filed in October 2021, the trial court had the authority to order that the defendant, Robert Raymond Kelly, be held without bond or deny a bond because it alleged the violation of a protective order against a family member.

Indeed, the district attorneys' office asked that the trial court deny bond, but the request was refused. Instead, the court set the bond at \$5,000.00 surety, but three days later, lowered it to a \$500.00 free PR bond, whereupon the defendant was released.

In March 2021, Kelly was alleged to have violated the protective order granted to Jovanique Johnican, the victim in the case. Accordingly, the trial court had a second

opportunity to order him held without bond because of these new charges.

After Kelly was arrested on the new charges against the same victim, a motion was filed to revoke his bond and deny him any further bond. Rather than honor the request, in April 2021, the trial court continued Kelly's \$500.00 free PR bond and ordered that the previous supervision continue, despite its apparent ineffectiveness.

Court No. 8 clearly failed public safety, the victim and the defendant in this case. The victim, Ms. Johnican, continued to be harassed by Kelly, the defendant, and left vulnerable to any threat to her life, safety and well-being that he clearly posed, as evidenced by the protective order that had been issued on her behalf.

The only reason that the Kelly was not released was because his escalated actions also resulted in three felony charges being filed against him; two of which arose against the victim in the family violence case. These charges alone resulted in his bail being denied. The trial court had the authority to deny bond to Kelly multiple times but refused. Court No. 8 placed the public safety of Harris County at risk.

It is also worth noting that the trial court set hearings on this case on November 10, 2021 and January 12, 2022, but waived Kelly's appearance each time.

This begs the question: why did the trial court waive court appearances for the defendant in this case?

After being in the Harris County jail for a period of time, the defendant plead guilty to the misdemeanor charge for essentially time served, but the additional charges that he committed while the trial court refused to deny bond as authorized by the Texas Constitution remain pending.

Now instead of a free \$500.00 PR bond, the defendant is faced with two \$150,000.00 bonds and a \$20,000.00 bond. These crimes were preventable if the trial court had denied the motion filed by the district attorney.

#### **Example No. 2- Courts Not Issuing Forfeitures.**

Cause No. 237858301010; State v. Lastacey Stan Williams; In the Harris County Criminal Court No. 8.

In October 6, 2021, Lastacey Stan Williams was charged with making a terroristic threat against Catina Brooks. Williams was accused of threatening violence upon Miss Brooks, specifically murder. The victim filed a criminal complaint against the defendant, expressing great fear of serious bodily injury. In 2016, Williams was convicted of felony possession of a controlled substance.

Subsequent to his arrest, Williams was released on a \$100.00 General Order Bond

and released for free without seeing a magistrate. The defendant was ordered to appear in court on October 13, 2021, but failed to appear. On that date, the trial court reset his case for two weeks later -- October 27, 2021. Once again, he failed to make his court appearance.

Despite Williams' back-to-back failures-to-appear, the trial court has not forfeited his bond. As of the date of this report, the court has not taken any further action on this case, which is more than six months later at this time. The trial court has only issued a warrant and set a new bond requirement of another \$100.00 free PR bond.

#### **Analysis**

Miss Brooks, the victim in this case, continues to fear for her life through the inaction of the trial court. The trial court refuses to hold the defendant accountable. The bond has not been forfeited. No one in the PR department is looking for the defendant. It appears that the defendant will not come back to court on his own; and instead, must commit another crime to come back into the system.

When and if the defendant is returned, will he just be granted a free PR bond to start the whole cycle all over again?

#### **Example No. 3- The Revolving Door of PR bonds.**

Cause 236091001010; State v. Daniel Godson Oworen; In the Harris County Criminal Court No. 13.

On May 30, 2021, Daniel Godson Oworen was charged with unlawfully operating a motor vehicle in a public place while intoxicated. He was granted a \$100.00 free PR bond but elected to post a \$100.00 cash bond. He was ordered to appear in court five days later. The defendant failed to appear as required, but his bond was not forfeited.

Godson Oworen was arrested again on August 14, 2021. The trial court granted him another free PR bond, but raised the amount to \$2,010.00. The court waived the fee that the defendant was supposed to pay for the bond and was not required to pay anything for his release. Godson Oworen was ordered to appear on August 20, 2021, but once again, he did not make his court date -- nor did the trial court issue a bond forfeiture.

A new date was set by the trial court -- October 11, 2021. Again, Godson Oworen was a no-show, nor was a forfeiture issued. Six days later, the trial court granted the defendant another free PR bond, but changed the amount to \$3,010.00.

On November 11, 2021, Godson Oworen's court date was reset because paperwork

for the bond did not indicate the future court date. Accordingly, a new date was set -- November 19, 2021 -- but the defendant once again failed to appear. This time, his bond was revoked, but no forfeiture was issued. Five days later, Godson Oworen was granted yet another free PR bond, this time in the amount of \$4,010.00. The trial court waived any fee by the defendant. He was required to appear on December 1, 2021.

The defendant finally appeared for court on December 1, 2021 and his case was reset for March 25, 2022. The court waived Godson Oworen's appearance so he was not required to be present on that date for his hearing. The March 25, 2022 docket setting was reset for June 1, 2022 and the defendant's appearance again was waived.

#### **Analysis**

From May 30 to December 1, 2021, the defendant, Daniel Godson Oworen, had six required court appearances following his arrest, but failed to appear for five of them. The trial court did not forfeit any of the bonds (i.e., issue a judgment nisi) for any of the failures to appear. By virtue of the actions of the trial court, it seems likely that there was an attempt to hide the fact that the defendant was failing to appear so that it would not appear on any report. When Godson Oworen finally showed-up for a docket, his repeated bad actions were rewarded by the trial court waiving his requirement to appear in the future.

This case is an example of the revolving door of criminal justice and the very predictable outcome that Harris County courts are forcing upon Houston police officers. The endless cycle of arrest, free release, FTA, arrest, free release, FTA, over and over again is having a huge negative impact on public safety. The fact that the trial court allows defendants to willfully manipulate it with such serious charges as a DWI makes it appear that this is a systemic issue within the judiciary.

# APPENDIX A

## Summary

Date	Number on Docket	Not Present Waived	Appearance Req., but status Waived	Not Present Not Waived	Appeared as Required	Appearance Waived But Present	% Ct. Waves Appearance	FTA Rate of those Required to Appear	FTA Rate for Entire Docket	% of Docket that Appeared for Court	% Required to Appear
10/11/21	1782	778	287	458	219	51	46.52%	77.28%	85.47%	15.15%	54.10%
10/12/21	1796	900	271	384	167	63	53.62%	79.68%	86.58%	12.81%	45.77%
10/13/21	1994	1082	237	375	227	75	58.02%	72.94%	84.95%	15.15%	42.08%
10/14/21	2085	1145	267	431	183	59	57.75%	79.23%	88.39%	11.61%	42.25%
10/15/21	1353	344	299	380	273	67	30.38%	71.32%	75.61%	25.13%	70.36%
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Weekly Avg.							49.26%	76.09%	84.20%	15.97%	50.91%

## CCC#1- Alex Salgado

Date	Number on Docket	Not Present Waived	Appearance Req., but status Waived	Not Present Not Waived	Appeared as Required	Appearance Waived But Present	% Court Waves Appearance	FTA Rate of those Required to Appear	FTA Rate for Entire Docket	% of Docket that Appeared for Court	% of Docket Required to Appear for Court
10/11/2	100	77	14	1	6	2	79.00%	71.43%	92.00%	8.00%	21.00%
10/12/2	103	78	16	2	2	2	77.67%	90.00%	93.20%	3.88%	19.42%
10/13/2	114	81	26	2	3	2	72.81%	90.32%	95.61%	4.39%	27.19%
10/14/2	.1 99	82	11	2	2	2	84.85%	86.67%	95.96%	4.04%	15.15%
10/15/2	.1 84	20	35	16	11	2	26.19%	82.26%	84.52%	15.48%	73.81%
Weekly Avg							68.10%	84.14%	92.26%	7.16%	31.31%

#### CCC#2- Ronnisha Bowman

Date	Number on Docket	Not Present Waived	Appearance Req., but status Waived	Not Present Not Waived	Appeared as Required	Appearance Waived But Present	% Ct. Waives Appearance	FTA Rate of those Required to Appear	FTA Rate for Entire Docket	% Req. to Appear	% of Docket that Appeared for Court
10/11/21	132	25	2	76	19	1	19.70%	80.41%	78.03%	73.48%	15.15%
10/12/21	151	60	6	73	2	2	41.06%	97.53%	92.05%	53.64%	2.65%
10/13/21	145	39	1	76	19	12	35.17%	80.21%	80.00%	66.21%	21.38%
10/14/21	138	48	3	70	13	4	37.68%	84.88%	87.68%	62.32%	12.32%
10/15/21	72	6	7	41	17	0	8.33%	73.85%	75.00%	90.28%	23.61%
Weekly Avg.							28.39%	83.38%	82.55%	69.19%	15.02%

## CCC#3- Ashley Mayes Guice

Date	Number on Docket	Not Present Waived	Appearance Req., but status Waived	Not Present Not Waived	Appeared as Required	Appearance Waived But Present	% Ct. Waives Appearance		FTA Rate for Entire Docket	% of Docket that Appeared for Court	% Required to Appear
10/11/21	92	0	C	74	18	0	0.00%	80.43%	80.43%	19.57%	100.00%
10/12/21	98	0	2	2 63	33	0	0.00%	66.33%	66.33%	33.67%	100.00%
10/13/21	92	0	0	51	41	0	0.00%	55.43%	55.43%	44.57%	100.00%
10/14/21	111	0	6	82	23	0	0.00%	79.28%	79.28%	20.72%	100.00%
10/15/21	86	3	(	) 47	36	0	3.49%	56.63%	58.14%	41.86%	96.51%
Weekly Avg.							0.70%	67.62%	67.92%	32.08%	99.30%

#### CCC#4- Shannon Baldwin

Date	Number on Docket	Not Present Waived	Appearance Req., but status Waived	Not Present Not Waived	Appeared as Required	Appearance Waived But Present	% Ct. Waves Appearance	FTA Rate of those Required to Appear	FTA Rate for Entire Docket	% of Docket that Appeared for Court	% Required to Appear
10/11/21	122	76	5	23	26	12	72.13%	51.85%	85.25%	31.15%	44.26%
10/12/21	136	81	0	15	23	17	72.06%	39.47%	70.59%	29.41%	27.94%
10/13/21	166	83	13	23	32	15	59.04%	52.94%	71.69%	28.31%	40.96%
10/14/21	182	98	3	42	32	7	57.69%	58.44%	78.57%	21.43%	42.31%
10/15/21	59	11	0	15	29	4	25.42%	34.09%	44.07%	55.93%	74.58%
Weekly Avg.							57.27%	47.36%	70.03%	33.25%	46.01%

#### CCC#5- David Fleischer

Date	Number on Docket	Not Present Waived	Appearance Req., but status Waived	Not Present Not Waived	Appeared as Required	Appearance Waived But Present	% Ct. Waves Appearance	FTA Rate of those Required to Appear	FTA Rate for Entire Docket	% of Docket that Appeared for Court	% Required to Appear
10/11/21	120	35	29	46	9	1	30.00%	89.29%	91.67%	8.33%	70.00%
10/12/21	131	69	13	42	5	2	54.20%	91.67%	94.66%	5.34%	45.80%
10/13/21	117	69	1	39	5	3	61.54%	88.89%	93.16%	6.84%	38.46%
10/14/21	131	74	10	44	3	0	56.49%	94.74%	97.71%	2.29%	43.51%
10/15/21	63	14	1	33	15	0	22.22%	69.39%	76.19%	23.81%	77.78%
Weekly Avg.							44.89%	86.79%	90.68%	9.32%	55.11%

### CCC#6- Kelley Andrews

Date	Number on Docket	Not Present Waived	Appearance Req., but status Waived	Not Present Not Waived	Appeared as Required	Appearance Waived But Present	% Ct. Waves Appearance	FTA Rate of those Required to Appear	FTA Rate for Entire Docket	% of Docket that Appeared for Court	% Required to Appear
10/11/21	93	46	24	23	0	0	49.46%	100.00%	100.00%	0.00%	50.54%
10/12/21	134	65	49	12	1	7	53.73%	98.39%	94.03%	5.97%	46.27%
10/13/21	137	88	30	16	1	2	65.69%	97.87%	97.81%	2.19%	34.31%
10/14/21	153	97	33	18	2	3	65.36%	96.23%	96.73%	3.27%	34.64%
10/15/21	107	54	36	14	1	2	52.34%	98.04%	97.20%	2.80%	47.66%
Weekly Avg.							57.32%	98.11%	97.15%	2.85%	42.68%

## CCC#7- Andrew Wright

Date	Number on Docket	Not Present Waived	Appearance Req., but status Waived	Not Present Not Waived	Appeared as Required	Appearance Waived But Present	% Ct. Waves Appearance	FTA Rate of those Required to Appear	FTA Rate for Entire Docket	% of Docket that Appeared for Court	% Required to Appear
10/11/21	100	49	5	20	20	6	55.00%	55.56%	74.00%	26.00%	45.00%
10/12/21	93	58	6	14	10	5	67.74%	66.67%	83.87%	16.13%	32.26%
10/13/21	95	53	2	13	21	6	62.11%	41.67%	71.58%	28.42%	37.89%
10/14/21	105	63	14	12	10	6	65.71%	72.22%	84.76%	15.24%	34.29%
10/15/21	89	30	5	14	36	4	38.20%	34.55%	55.06%	44.94%	61.80%
Weekly Avg.							57.75%	54.13%	73.85%	26.15%	42.25%

## CCC#8- Franklin Bynum

Date	Number on Docket	Not Present Waived	Appearance Req., but status Waived	Not Present Not Waived	Appeared as Required	Appearance Waived But Present		6 Ct. Waves	FTA Rate of those Required to Appear	FTA Rate for Entire Docket	% of Docket that Appeared for Court	% Required to Appear
10/11/21	180	120	18	17	16	ę	9	71.67%	68.63%	86.11%	13.89%	28.33%
10/12/21	41	10	12	10	9	(	0	24.39%	70.97%	78.05%	21.95%	75.61%
10/13/21	174	138	21	4	9	2	2	80.46%	73.53%	93.68%	6.32%	19.54%
10/14/21	182	111	41	11	13	6	6	64.29%	80.00%	89.56%	10.44%	35.71%
10/15/21	54	9	22	6	17	(	0	16.67%	62.22%	68.52%	31.48%	83.33%
Weekly Avg.								51.49%	71.07%	83.18%	16.82%	48.51%

Date	Number on Docket	Not Present Waived	Appearance Req., but status Waived	Not Present Not Waived	Appeared as Required	Appearance Waived But Present	% Ct. Waves	FTA Rate of those Required to Appear	FTA Rate for Entire Docket	% of Docket that Appeared for Court	% Required to Appear
10/11/21	111	47	47	9	4	4	45.95%	93.33%	92.79%	7.21%	54.05%
10/12/21	32	16	13	2	0	1	53.13%	100.00%	96.88%	3.13%	46.88%
10/13/21	85	54	26	0	0	5	69.41%	100.00%	94.12%	5.88%	30.59%
10/14/21	87	57	21	4	0	5	71.26%	100.00%	94.25%	5.75%	28.74%
10/15/21	75	18	16	10	12	19	49.33%	68.42%	58.67%	41.33%	50.67%
Weekly Avg.							57.82%	92.35%	87.34%	12.66%	42.18%

## CCC#10- Lee Harper Wilson

Date	Number on Docket	Not Present Waived	Appearance Req., but status Waived	Not Present Not Waived	Appeared as Required	Appearance Waived But Present	% Ct. Waves	FTA Rate of those Required to Appear	FTA Rate for Entire Docket	% of Docket that Appeared for Court	% Required to Appear
10/11/21	112	C	25	76	11	C	0.00%	90.18%	90.18%	9.82%	100.00%
10/12/21	123	1	39	71	12	C	0.81%	90.16%	90.24%	9.76%	99.19%
10/13/21	130	C	34	74	22	C	0.00%	83.08%	83.08%	16.92%	100.00%
10/14/21	136	1	52	56	27	C	0.74%	80.00%	80.15%	19.85%	99.26%
10/15/21	96	1	29	49	18	C	1.04%	81.25%	82.29%	18.75%	100.00%
Weekly Avg.							0.52%	84.93%	85.19%	15.02%	99.69%

Date	Number on Docket	Not Present Waived	Appearance Req., but status Waived	Not Present Not Waived	Appeared as Required	Appearance Waived But Present	% Ct. Waves Appearance	FTA Rate of those Required to Appear	FTA Rate for Entire Docket	% of Docket that Appeared for Court	% Required to Appear
10/11/21	96	41	16	14	22	3	45.83%	57.69%	73.96%	26.04%	54.17%
10/12/21	141	55	36	27	23	0	39.01%	73.26%	83.69%	16.31%	60.99%
10/13/21	128	57	29	12	27	3	46.88%	60.29%	76.56%	23.44%	53.13%
10/14/21	132	68	32	6	23	3	53.79%	62.30%	80.30%	19.70%	46.21%
10/15/21	125	42	27	22	40	4	36.80%	55.06%	72.80%	35.20%	71.20%
Weekly Avg.							44.46%	61.72%	77.46%	24.14%	57.14%

## CCC#12- Genesis Draper

Date	Number on Docket	Not Present Waived	Appearance Req., but status Waived	Not Present Not Waived	Appeared as Required	Appearance Waived But Present	% Ct. Waves Appearanc e	FTA Rate of those Required to Appear	FTA Rate for Entire Docket	% of Docket that Appeared for Court	% Required to Appear
10/11/21	100	16	0	47	35	2	18.00%	57.32%	63.00%	37.00%	82.00%
10/12/21	134	85	1	19	16	13	73.13%	55.56%	78.36%	21.64%	26.87%
10/13/21	124	78	0	25	15	6	67.74%	62.50%	83.06%	16.94%	32.26%
10/14/21	128	81	0	30	11	6	67.97%	73.17%	86.72%	13.28%	32.03%
10/15/21	85	11	0	60	14	0	12.94%	81.08%	83.53%	16.47%	87.06%
Weekly Avg.							47.96%	65.92%	78.93%	21.07%	52.04%

## CCC#13- Raul Rodriguez

Date	Number on Docket	Not Present Waived	Appearance Req., but status Waived	Not Present Not Waived	Appeared as Required	Appearance Waived But Present	% Ct. Waves Appearanc e	FTA Rate of those Required to Appear	FTA Rate for Entire Docket	% of Docket that Appeared for % Court	Required to Appear
10/11/21	78	18	50	9	0	1	24.36%	100.00%	98.72%	1.28%	75.64%
10/12/21	113	80	9	15	4	5	75.22%	85.71%	92.04%	7.96%	24.78%
10/13/21	111	78	2	22	5	4	73.87%	82.76%	91.89%	8.11%	26.13%
10/14/21	129	90	1	31	2	5	73.64%	94.12%	94.57%	5.43%	26.36%
10/15/21	86	30	3	25	0	28	67.44%	100.00%	67.44%	32.56%	32.56%
Weekly Avg.							62.91%	92.52%	88.93%	11.07%	37.09%

## CCC#14- David Singer

Date	Number on Docket	Not Present Waived	Appearance Req., but status Waived	Not Present Not Waived	Appeared as Required	Appearance Waived But Present	% Ct. Waves Appearance	FTA Rate of those Required to Appear	FTA Rate for Entire Docket	% of Docket that Appeared for Court	% Required to Appear
10/11/21	95	60	13	9	10	3	66.32%	68.75%	86.32%	13.68%	33.68%
10/12/21	106	64	19	4	16	3	63.21%	58.97%	82.08%	17.92%	36.79%
10/13/21	101	62	18	6	11	4	65.35%	68.57%	85.15%	14.85%	34.65%
10/14/21	108	80	15	2	7	4	77.78%	70.83%	89.81%	10.19%	22.22%
10/15/21	102	28	64	5	4	1	28.43%	94.52%	95.10%	4.90%	71.57%
Weekly Avg.							60.22%	72.33%	87.69%	12.31%	39.78%

## CCC#15- Tonya Jones

Date	Number on Docket	Not Present Waived	Appearance Req., but status Waived	Not Present Not Waived	Appeared as Required	Appearance Waived But Present	% Ct. Waves Appearance	FTA Rate of those Required to Appear	FTA Rate for Entire Docket	% of Docket that Appeared for Court	% Required to Appear
10/11/21	118	68	13	11	19	7	63.56%	55.81%	77.97%	22.03%	36.44%
10/12/21	117	79	15	11	10	2	69.23%	72.22%	89.74%	10.26%	30.77%
10/13/21	110	76	3	10	10	11	79.09%	56.52%	80.91%	19.09%	20.91%
10/14/21	122	83	10	11	12	6	72.95%	63.64%	85.25%	14.75%	27.05%
10/15/21	71	27	8	14	19	3	42.25%	53.66%	69.01%	30.99%	57.75%
Weekly Avg.							65.42%	60.37%	80.58%	19.42%	34.58%

#### CCC#16- Darrell Jordan

Date	Number on Docket	Not Present Waived	Appearance Req., but status Waived	Not Present Not Waived	Appeared as Required	Appearance Waived But Present		% Ct. Waves Appearance	FTA Rate of those Required to Appear	FTA Rate for Entire Docket	% of Docket that Appeared for Court	% Required to Appear
10/11/21	133	100	26	3	4	(	0	75.19%	87.88%	96.99%	3.01%	24.81%
10/12/21	143	99	35	4	1	2	4	72.03%	97.50%	96.50%	3.50%	27.97%
10/13/21	165	126	31	2	6	(	0	76.36%	84.62%	96.36%	3.64%	23.64%
10/14/21	142	112	15	10	3	2	2	80.28%	89.29%	96.48%	3.52%	19.72%
10/15/21	99	40	46	9	4	(	0	40.40%	93.22%	95.96%	4.04%	59.60%
Weekly Avg.								68.85%	90.50%	96.46%	3.54%	31.15%

## APPENDIX B

## Harris County Misdemeanor Court Summary

	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Case Number Analysis:											
Pending Cases- Active Start of Year	15,433	17,395	18,473	16,493	17,025	16,341	17,232	18,099	25,033	31,149	39,483
Pending Cases- Inactive Start of Year	18,777	19,236	18,999	19,278	17,079	14,844	15,228	17,412	18,355	21,842	26,779
Total Pending Cases Start of Year	34,210	36,631	37,472	35,771	34,104	31,185	32,460	35,511	43,388	52,991	66,262
Cases Added	71,273	68,142	65,927	63,329	63,483	61,009	53,151	55,184	51,550	44,577	48,355
Cases Reactivated	8,424	9,710	9,324	11,639	12,911	10,096	11,891	11,658	13,895	11,734	22,581
Pending Cases- Active End of Year	17,426	18,480	16,583	17,027	17,017	17,283	18,864	25,079	31,184	39,567	42,099
Inactive Cases- Inactive End of Year	19,219	18,988	19,276	17,099	14,830	15,216	17,330	18,412	21,836	26,671	24,084
Total Pending Cases End of Year	36,645	37,468	35,859	34,126	31,847	32,499	36,194	43,491	53,020	66,238	66,183
Net Increase/Decrease Active Cases	1,993	1,085	-1,890	534	-8	942	1,632	6,980	6,151	8,418	2,616
Placed on Inactive Status	8,947	9,537	9,644	9,572	10,747	10,471	13,949	16,809	17,225	16,153	19,678
Case Dispositions:											
Disposed-Conviction	43,666	42,549	42,576	39,684	36,301	35,696	23,732	20,642	12,849	7,448	11,540
Disposed- Deferred	6,846	5,951	7,069	6,932	5,735	4,819	3,194	2,179	1,555	844	1,515
Disposed- Acquittals	156	162	167	165	192	5	5	90	95	24	50
Dismissals	18,974	19,030	18,111	17,966	22,367	20,419	22,791	24,982	27,160	23,028	35,552
Motions to Revoke Granted	2,247	2,525	2,659	3,428	2,212	2,121	1,804	1,313	554	199	282
Motions to Revoke Denied/Cont.	1,337	1,454	1,439	1,932	1,396	1,023	920	721	718	449	443
Other Dispositions	22	11	16	2	3	3	3	2	0	1	1
Total Dispositions	73,248	71,682	72,037	70,109	68,206	64,086	52,449	49,929	42,931	31,993	49,383
Analysis:											
Arrest Percentage Compared to 2011		-4.39%	-7.50%	-11.15%	-10.93%	-14.40%	-25.43%	-22.57%	-27.67%	-37.46%	-32.16%
Conviction % Compared to 2011		97.44%	97.50%	90.88%	83.13%	81.75%	54.35%	47.27%	29.43%	17.06%	26.43%
Yearly Growth of Backlog- Active Cases	12.91%	6.24%	-10.23%	3.24%	-0.05%	5.76%	9.47%	38.57%	24.57%	27.02%	6.63%
Backlog increase since 2011		19.74%	7.45%	10.33%	10.26%	11.99%	22.23%	62.50%	102.06%	156.38%	172.79%
% of Care Resolutions that are Dismissed	25.90%	26.55%	25.14%	25.63%	32.79%	31.86%	43.45%	50.04%	63.26%	71.98%	71.99%
Closure Rate- Inactive Cases	97.70%	101.31%	98.56%	112.74%	115.17%	97.56%	87.87%	94.57%	84.06%	81.89%	111.19%
Closure Rate for All Cases	93.36%	97.77%	104.50%	104.82%	107.09%	95.96%	89.68%	81.65%	81.83%	80.00%	100.12%
Closure Rate- Active Cases	88.56%	94.13%	111.40%	96.86%	100.05%	94.55%	91.35%	72.17%	80.28%	78.72%	93.79%
Data as reported to OCA by Harris County											